Polarizing Beamsplitter Plate

PBS Plate Series Datasheet



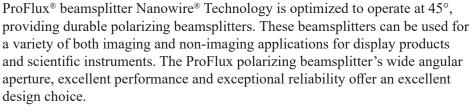
PBS Beamsplitters (mounting optional)

Applications

- Head-Mounted Display (HMD)
- Head-Up Display (HUD)
- 2D & 3D Projection Display
- Interferometry
- Medical/Dental Imaging

Standard Product Options					
Product Name	Description				
*PBS02A	Standard PBS, No AR				
BCU7GCE1 (PBS02A+OC)	Standard PBS No AR, Protective Overcoat TM				
PBFF2A	Standard PBF on Flat Fused Silica Substrate, No AR				
FBF04C	High Contrast PBS on Flat Borofloat Substrate, With AR				
BSUHN2E1	High Efficiency PBS No AR (VC1, VC2, VC4)				

*AR coating available on request (PBS02C). PBF02A & PBF02C available upon request. See OPT-DATA-1011 for size and mounting options.



Made with highly durable materials, ProFlux provides pure polarization that gives a high contrast and bright image for the life of the projector. The ProFlux polarization mechanism aligns ideally with the LC display and has excellent polarization uniformity even over large apertures, providing bright, high contrast, long-lasting displays.

Features	Benefits
Nanowire® Technology	Brightness and contrast uniformity
	Excellent for optical designs with f/# < f/2.0
	Wavelength and AOI independent
	±20° AOI without depolarization
	Broadband
Inorganic	High heat resistance

General Specifications								
	PBS02A BCU7GCE1	PBFF2A	FBF04C	BSUHN2E1				
Wavelength Range:	420 - 700nm	420 - 700nm	420 - 700nm	420 - 700nm				
Substrate Type:	Display Glass	Fused Silica	$Borofloat^{\tiny{\circledR}}$	Display Glass				
Substrate Flatness:	N/A	2μm PV over 12.35μm PV over		N/A				
		90mm diameter	90mm diameter					
Thickness:	$0.7 \pm\! 0.07 mm$	$1.6 \pm \! 0.1 mm$	$1.6 \pm \! 0.1 mm$	$0.7 \pm \! 0.07mm$				
Index of Refraction:	1.598 (435.8nm)	1.461 (532nm)	1.472 (588nm)	1.598 (435.8nm)				
	1.5078 (643.8nm)			1.5078 (643.8nm)				
Thermal Expansion:	37.6 x 10 ⁻⁷ /°C	6.5 x 10 ⁻⁷ /°C	3.25 x 10 ⁻⁶ /°C	37.6 x 10 ⁻⁷ /°C				
	(0 - 300°C)	(15 - 200°C)	(20 - 300°C)	(0 - 300°C)				
AOI (Angle of Incidence):	$45^{\circ}\pm15^{\circ}$	$45^{\circ}\pm15^{\circ}$	$45^{\circ}\pm15^{\circ}$	$45^{\circ} \pm 15^{\circ}$				
AR Coating:	Optional	Optional	Visible	Optional				
Maximum Temperature:	200°C, >5,000 hrs	200°C, >5,000 hrs	200°C, >5,000 hrs	200°C, >5,000 hrs				
Transmission Axis (TA):	Referenced to	Referenced to	Referenced to Referenced to					
	long side of part	long side of part	long side of part	long side of part				
TA Tolerance:	±1°	±1°	±1°	±1°				
Dimensional Tolerance:	$\pm 0.2 mm$	± 0.4 mm	± 0.4 mm	$\pm 0.2 mm$				
Edge Exclusion:	2mm	2mm	2mm	2mm				
RoHS:	Compliant	Compliant	Compliant	Compliant				
Visual Criteria:	VC0, VC2, VC4	VC0, VC2, VC4	VC0, VC2, VC4	VC1, VC2, VC4				

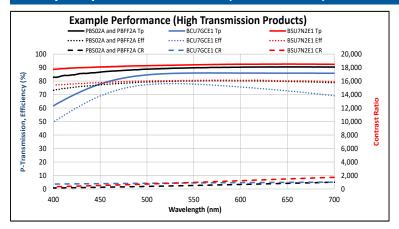
^{*} Do not touch or clean the top surface otherwise the waveplate will be damaged.

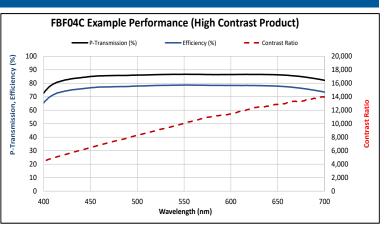


Performance Specifications at 45°												
Product	450nm			550nm			650nm					
	Tp% (min)	Ts% (max)	Eff % (min)	Rp% (max)	Tp% (min)	Ts% (max)	Eff% (min)	Rp% (max)	Tp% (min)	Ts% (max)	Eff% (min)	Rp% (max)
PBS02A* (No AR, Standard)	82.5	0.39	74.0	-	86.8	0.22	75.0	1	86.8	0.15	75.0	-
BCU7GCE1 (No AR, with Overcoat)	72.0	0.50	67.0	-	83.0	0.30	75.0	1	84.0	0.20	70.0	-
PBFF2A (No AR, Standard, Flat F.S.)	83.0	0.25	75.5	3	85.5	0.15	76.7	2	85.5	0.1	77.0	3
FBF04C (With AR, High Contrast, Borofloat)	83.0	0.05	75.5	3	85.5	0.05	76.7	3	85.5	0.05	77.0	3
BSUHN2E1 (No AR, High Efficiency)	84.0	0.25	80.0	-	90.4	0.20	87.0	-	90.8	0.2	84.0	-

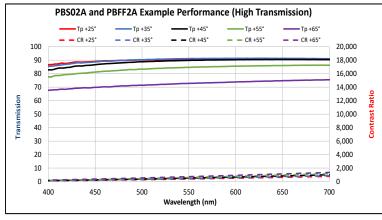
Tp- Transmitted "p" polarization, Ts- Transmitted "s" polarization, Rs- Reflected "s" polarization, Rp- Reflection "p" polarization, Eff= Tp * Rs / 100

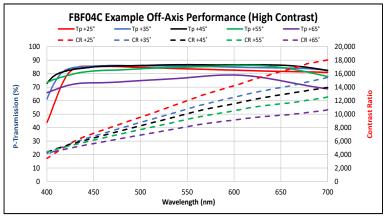
Example Optical Performance (Tested at 45°)





Example Variable Angle Optical Performance





Performance data was taken from sample evaluations. Some part-to-part variation is expected.

Usage Recommendations

To obtain the best transmission and contrast, the beamsplitter should be used to transmit the p-polarization, using the standard definition of p-polarization and s-polarization. It is possible to use the beam splitter in the orthogonal orientation (transmission of the s-polarization), but with reduced efficiency and contrast. In a projection system it is recommended that the wire-grid surface be positioned to face the imager and projection lens to ensure the reflection is from the front surface of the beamsplitter.



^{*}AR coating available on request (PBS02C)